# Activities in Geometry 

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- What is Geometry?
- What do we teach in geometry in school?
- What geometric constructions are there in the curriculum?
- A point moves so that it is always at a fixed distance d from a given point $P$. What is its locus?
- A point moves so that it is at a fixed distance d from a given straight line I. What is its locus?
- Perpendicular bisector
- A moving point remains at equal distance from two given parallel straight lines $m$ and $n$; what is its locus?
- A moving point remains at equal distance from two given intersecting straight lines I and m; what is its locus?
- Two vertices, $A$ and $B$, of the triangle $A B C$ are marked for you. Angle C, opposite to the side $A B$, is also given. Construct triangle $A B C$.
- The triangle is not deter-mined, since the point $C$ can vary. What is the locus of the point $C$ ?
- Construct a $\triangle A B C$ given the length two sides $B C=a$ and $A C=b$ and the length of the median (mA) drawn from the vertex $A$ to the side $B C$.
- Construct a $\triangle A B C$ given the length two sides $B C=a$ and $A C=b$ and the length of the median (mA) drawn from the vertex $A$ to the side $B C$.
- When AC, AB and AD (median) are given.
- Construct a $\triangle A B C$ given the length two sides $B C=a$ and $A C=b$ and the length of the median (mA) drawn from the vertex $A$ to the side $B C$.
- When AC, AB and AD (median) are given.
- Construct a $\triangle A B C$ given the length of $B C$, the length of the altitude ( $\mathrm{h} A$ ) from $A$ to $B C$ and the length of the median from $A$ to $B C(m A)$.
- Construct a $\triangle A B C$ given the length of $B C$, the length of the altitude (hA) from A to BC and angle A.


## Reference

- Subramaniam, K. (2013). Pólya to the rescue: When you don't know the solution to a problem , At Right Angles , Vol. 2, No. 1, p. 6063.

